





## ADAPTIVE ALPINE LEVEL I & II PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT LOG

**BI-SKI AND MONO-SKI** 

Name:	
	•

This development log is a tool for you to expand your skiing, teaching and technical skills in preparation for your Adaptive Bi-Ski & Mono-Ski exam(s). As you are preparing for your exam(s), include comments and notes that you find beneficial. You can either type your notes directly into this document or print the document and write in your notes. If you choose to type your notes, be sure to save the document and print it out.

At the time of your on-hill exam, you will be required to turn in the development log for your examiner's review. It will be returned to you after the exam so that you can use it as an ongoing resource. The outcome of your Adaptive Bi-Ski & Mono-Ski Exam does not depend on how much you write on this log.

Note: The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requires that testing entities such as PSIA-NW-AASI make "reasonable accommodations" for qualified candidates with disabilities (whether physical or cognitive) and to the extent that they would not "fundamentally alter" the services being provided. Members with disabilities who are considering applying for an education course or certification exam must contact PSIA-NW-AASI at (206) 244-8541 at least four weeks in advance of a scheduled course or exam to provide notice of their requested reasonable accommodation and discuss their situations. This allows PSIA-NW-AASI to assess your request for a reasonable accommodation and to plan for reasonable accommodations, if necessary. Requests for accommodations will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

The essential eligibility requirements for each Adaptive Alpine Level I & II exam are presented in the PSIA-NW-AASI Adaptive Alpine Certification Guide. The standards are national in scope and their maintenance is necessary in the interests of public safety, effectiveness, value for the consumer, and guest/employer expectations.

The ADA does not require reasonable accommodations for a transitory or minor disability. A transitory disability is an impairment with a duration of six months or less, such as one caused by illness or injury. If this applies to you, you may contact the PSIA-NW-AASI office to receive or refund or to transfer to a future clinic or exam.

You may refer to the PSIA-NW-AASI Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Policy for further information.

The information in this document is provided only as a guideline. Although every effort has been made in preparing and assembling this guideline, with a goal of providing timely, complete, and accurate information, PSIA-NW-AASI makes no claims, promises, or guarantees about the timeliness, accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of the contents of this guideline, and PSIA-NW-AASI assumes no liability or responsibility and expressly disclaims liability for any errors and omissions in its contents

Local and program regulations and safety guidelines take precedence over this information. It is in your best interest to exercise due diligence in determining the appropriateness of the information for your particular circumstances. In addition, please take into account any and all factors that may affect your lesson. This includes but is not limited to: the health, well-being and fitness of the quest; weather conditions; terrain; other people on the slope; your own abilities, as well as those of your quest and anyone who may accompany you.

This guideline provides links to other resources as well as websites owned by or maintained on behalf of third parties. The content of any such third-party source or site is not within our control, and we cannot and will not take responsibility for the information in them, nor should any references to them be considered any endorsement by PSIA-NW-AASI.

✓	Adaptive Level I & II Technical Knowledge	Comments/Notes
	Your guests expect you to provide them with something they don't have: the Do you understand the technical aspects of skiing well enoug	, , ,
	<b>Understand the PSIA Skills Concept and Movement Pools.</b> How are they used in various skiing conditions? How are they used in the adaptive environment?	
	<b>Understand and use Movement Analysis.</b> You can practice on your peers or by watching videos. (YouTube.com and vimeo.com have some adaptive skiing videos.)	
	<b>Understand Cause and Effect relationships.</b> How is this used in movement analysis? Can you use this in your lessons?	
	Identify body-part specific Rotary Movements.	
	Identify body-part specific Pressure Control Movements.	
	Identify body-part specific Edging Movements.	
	Understand how skills are blended. How are the skills blended differently for various snow and terrain conditions?	
	<b>Read the Alpine Technical Manual.</b> What new ideas can you incorporate in your lessons?	
	Read the Adaptive Alpine Technical Manual. What new ideas can you incorporate in your lessons?	

©PSIA-NW-AASI 2018 Page 2 of 6

<b>✓</b>	Adaptive Level I & II Teaching Knowledge	Comments/Notes
'	Your teaching knowledge allows you to effectively trans Are you offering your guests the most posi	·
	Learn to recite "Your Responsibility Code." How can you effectively incorporate this into your lessons?	
	Learn to recite the Smart Style Points. When do you use this? How can you get your guests to understand these points?  http://www.nsaa.org/nsaa/safety/smart%2Dstyle/	
	Understand the Teaching Cycle. How does this relate to a lesson plan?	
	Understand the various models for Learning Styles. Which models work best for you? If you typically rely on one model, you may want to explore other models.	
	<b>Understand Teaching for Transfer.</b> What movement patterns transfer to skiing from some of the most common experiences/sports/activities?	
	Understand Lateral Learning. You can practice by creating lesson plans with the lateral learning concept. (Hint: this will help with movement analysis.)	
	<b>Understand goal setting for guests.</b> Notice that some adaptive guests may not progress as quickly as other guests. Practice setting goals for a variety of guests.	
	Learn to use the Guest Centered Teaching model.	
	Read Core Concepts for Snowsports Instructors. What new ideas can you incorporate in your lessons?	

©PSIA-NW-AASI 2018 Page 3 of 6

✓	Adaptive Specialty: Bi-Ski	Comments/Notes
	Become familiar with the different kinds of bi-skis. What are the strengths and challenges of each piece of equipment? Under what circumstances would you use each type of bi ski? When would you use the bi ski accessory equipment (kidney belt, padding, handle bar, etc.)?  Practice setting up the bi-ski with fixed and hand-held outriggers. In what	
	situations would you use each?	
	Understand fixed and handheld rigger adjustments. Under what circumstances would you make these adjustments?	
	<b>Practice loads/unloads and safety protocols.</b> What additional safety concerns should you address with a bi-ski guest?	
	<b>Practice seat assists.</b> Can you safely perform a seat assist? What additional safety concerns need to be addressed with a seat assist? When might you use a seat assist?	
	Practice tethering a bi-ski. Can you safely tether a bi-ski on beginner terrain (Level I) and intermediate terrain (Level II)? Which positions and techniques work best and why? Can you perform an emergency stop	
	<b>Ski in the bi-ski.</b> One of the best ways to understand the bi-ski is to practice skiing in it. How does it feel to load the chairlift in a bi-ski? How does it feel to depend on someone else for your speed control?	
	Audit an experienced instructor in a bi-ski lesson. What did you learn that you can use in your own bi-ski lessons?	
	Write out bi-ski progressions for beginner (Level I) and/or intermediate (Level II) skiers. Create sample scenarios and then write out sample progressions to fit your scenarios. Try thinking of unique scenarios! How do biski progressions differ from mono-ski progressions? How can you give your guest greater independence?	

©PSIA-NW-AASI 2018 Page 4 of 6

✓	Adaptive Specialty: Mono-Ski	Comments/Notes
	Become familiar with the different kinds of mono-skis. What are the strengths and challenges of each piece of equipment? Under what circumstances would you use each type of mono-ski?	
	<b>Learn how to assess and fit a mono-ski.</b> Can you perform a dowel test? What other modifications are needed to give your guest the best ski performance? When would you use the mono-ski accessory equipment (kidney belt, padding, etc.)?	
	<b>Understand handheld rigger adjustments.</b> Under what circumstances would you make these adjustments?	
	Learn how to pick an appropriate ski for a mono-ski guest. How do you pick the best length and shape?	
	<b>Practice various hands-on assists.</b> In what situations would you use these assists?	
	<b>Practice loads/unloads and safety protocols.</b> What additional safety concerns should you address with a mono-ski guest?	
	<b>Ski in the mono-ski.</b> One of the best ways to understand the mono-ski is to practice skiing in it. What ineffective skiing habits do you have when you are in the mono-ski? Do you have these same ineffective habits in your stand-up skiing?	
	Audit an experienced instructor in a mono-ski lesson. What did you learn that you can you use in your own mono-ski lessons?	
	Write out mono-ski progressions for beginner (Level I) and/or intermediate (Level II) skiers. Create sample scenarios and then write out sample progressions to fit your scenarios. Try thinking of unique scenarios! How do mono-ski progressions differ from bi-ski progressions? How can you give your guest greater independence?	

©PSIA-NW-AASI 2018 Page 5 of 6

✓	Disability Awareness	Comments/Notes
	As an adaptive ski instructor, you are expected to understand the concepts of alpi	ine skiing and be aware of the disabilities that might affect your guests.
	Study the disabilities that might require the use of a bi-ski or mono-ski, as well as the medications that these individuals might use. The disabilities and diagnoses you are expected to know are listed in the PSIA-NW-AASI Adaptive Alpine Level Certification Guide. Do you understand the symptoms and the special considerations for each disability? (Hint: Many people find it helpful to create flash cards for studying disabilities.) You will be tested on disabilities and medications during your exam!	
	<b>Know basic Disability Etiquette.</b> <i>Incorporate this etiquette into your lessons and interactions with your guests.</i>	
✓	Prepare for your Level I & II Exam	Comments/Notes
	<b>Complete all prerequisites,</b> as listed in the PSIA-NW Adaptive Alpine Certification Guide.	
	<b>Level I Requirement:</b> Have your ski school trainer verify that you can safely tether a bi-ski (fixed or hand-held outriggers) on green groomed terrain.	Trainer's Printed Name:Date:
	<b>Level II Requirement</b> : Have your ski school trainer verify that you can safely tether a bi-ski (fixed or hand-held outriggers) on blue groomed terrain.	Trainer's Printed Name:Date:
	The PSIA-NW office will send you a notice of all other participants in your exam. It is your responsibility to work with your fellow examinees and bring all equipment that is needed for your on-hill exam. Bring this completed development log with you to the on-hill exam.	

Additional Notes

©PSIA-NW-AASI 2018 Page 6 of 6